

**DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY,
AURANGABAD.**



CIRCULAR NO./ SYLL./CURR./ LLB/ 3 & 5 YEAR/SEM-II/2019.

It is hereby inform to all concerned that, the Academic Council at its meeting held on 29th December, 2018 has **accepted the Curriculum of [1] L.L.B. [Semester-II] of Three Year Degree Course & [2] LL.B. Integrated Double Degree Course leading to B. A. LL.B. [Semester-II] (Five Year LL.B. Double Degree Integrated Programme) under Choice Based Credit & Grading System in the faculty of Humanities as per Appendix-'A' & 'B'.**

This is effective from the Academic Year 2018-19 and Onwards.

All concerned are requested to note the contents of this circular and bring notice to the students, teachers and staff for their information and necessary action.

University campus,
Aurangabad-431 004.

Ref. No. SU/LLB/3&5Yr Curri./2019/24459
- 78

**Deputy Registrar,
Academic [Syllabus]
Section.**

Date: 08.05.2019.

Copy forwarded with compliments to:-

- 1] **The Principals, affiliated concerned Colleges,
Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad**
- 2] **The Director, University Network & Information Centre, UNIC, with a request to upload this Circular on University Website.**

Copy to :-

- 1] The Director, Board of Examinations & Evaluation,
 - 2] **The Section Officer, [Professional Unit] Examination Branch,**
 - 3] The Section Officer, [Eligibility Unit],
 - 4] **The Programmer [Computer Unit-1] Examinations,**
 - 5] **The Programmer [Computer Unit-2] Examinations,**
 - 6] The In-charge, [E-Suvidha Kendra],
 - 7] The Public Relation Officer,
 - 8] The Record Keeper,
- Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad

Regulations relating to

**LL.B Integrated Double Degree Course leading to B.A. LL. B
(Five-Year LL.B Double Degree Integrated Programme)
(Semester System- 10 semesters)**

(Effective from the Academic Year 2018-19)

Admission into 5 Year LL.B Integrated Double Degree Course is subject to Bar Council of India / MH-CET (Law) / University Rules and Regulations. Admissions are made by MH-CET (Law) Convener in accordance with the Rules prescribed by Government of Maharashtra G. R. No. CET-2015/C No. 379/MSHI-2/ & Gr. No. CET 2016/F No. 84 / MSHI -2/ of Higher Education Dt. 4/12/2015 & Dt. 7/4/2016.

For the award of 5 Year B.A. LL.B Degree, the candidate shall be required to have

- i) received instruction and training for the prescribed course of study as full-time students for five academic years, and
- ii) passed all the examinations prescribed for the award of 5 Year B.A. LL.B Integrated Double Degree Course.

Duration: 5 Year Double Degree LL.B Integrated Course has to be pursued in ten semesters stretching over five academic years. Each academic year comprises of two Semesters.

Medium of Instruction will be in English language

Attendance: In order to be eligible to take the examination in any subject, candidate is required to put in 75% of attendance in each subject which includes lectures, tutorials and practical training.

Provided that if a student for any exceptional reasons fails to attend 75% of the classes held in any subject, subject to the payment of the fee prescribed by the University from time to time he/she may be condoned for the shortage of attendance if the student concerned attended at least 66% of the classes held in the subject concerned.

Prohibition against lateral entry and exit

There shall be no lateral entry on the plea of graduation in any subject or exit by way of awarding a degree splitting the integrated double degree course, at any intermediary stage of integrated double degree course.

Credits: All papers carry six credits each except the Paper on Seminar and Clinical Legal Education which carries only two credits. Total credits of the B.A.LL.B are 300.

Question Paper Pattern for semester end written examination

➤ **Question Paper Pattern**

For papers other than Practical Papers, the question paper consists of three parts.

- **Question No. 1 is Compulsory Question** which consist of 06 short answer questions. The candidates have to answer any 5 (five) questions. Each question carries 4 marks with a total for 20 marks ($4 \times 5 = 20$).
- **Question No. 2 to 8 are optional Questions** consists of 8 (eight) Essay questions. The Candidate has to answer any 5 (five) questions. Each question carries 12 marks with a total of 60 marks. ($5 \times 12 = 60$).

➤ **Allotment of Marks:**

All papers carry **100 Marks** each.

Except for the *Practical papers*, 80 Marks are allotted to Semester End written examination. 20 Marks are allotted for internal marks, the split up of which is as follows;

- Test - 10 Marks (Two midterm tests will be conducted out of which one test will be in objective mode consisting of not less than 10 questions.)
- Assignment -5 Marks (One Assignment to be given)
- Semester End Viva- 5 Marks

For all practical papers 50 Marks are allotted to internal component and 50 marks are allotted to external component Practical Papers are:

- (i) Professional Ethics - Semester VII
- (ii) ADR (Clinical Legal Edn.) - Semester VIII
- (iii) Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance - Semester IX
- (iv) Moot Court (Clinical Legal Edn.) - Semester X

Breakup for : For Practical Training Papers in VII, VIII, IX & X Semesters

The Semester end paper carrying 50 Marks consists of **8 essay questions** out of which the candidate has to answer **any 5 (five)** questions i.e., $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks.

The remaining 50 marks is practical record on the subject.

Project Report **50 marks** on Clinical Legal Education Exercise prescribed for the concerned semester:

- 35 Marks
- Viva-15 Marks

Practical papers in B.A. LL.B (5YDC): Paper on Local Language / foreign language in Second semester and Practical Training Papers VII, VIII, IX & X of the semester.

Note: *Paper Local Language (Introduction to Marathi) in Second Semester will be 20:80 pattern i.e. 16 projects i.e. 2 projects from 8 subjects (16 x 5 = 80 Marks) for Practical internal marks and 20 marks by external viva examination.*

Examination:

- Candidate shall take examination in each of the subjects prescribed for the study at the end of the semester by registering for that semester examination and obtaining hall ticket for the same. Duration of the examination is three hours.
- The semester end examination shall be based on the question paper set by an external paper setter.
- For qualifying in the examination the candidate has to secure a minimum of 40% in the practical papers including internals at the institutional level.
- Grafting/Grace is permitted. Grafting allows a candidate an opportunity to utilize the excess marks he earned in a paper for filling up the shortage of marks in the paper in which the candidate failed. Eg, A candidate who secured only 35 Marks, would fail having fallen short by 5 Marks of the required minimum pass mark which is 40 Marks. However, If such candidate happened to secure 45 marks in another paper, the extra five marks which is in excess of what is required for a pass could be notionally added to fill the deficit of 5 marks of the paper in which the candidate actually failed and thereby declare the candidate to have been passed in such paper.

Note: Grafting can be availed only when the candidate will be able to pass in the whole examination due to grafting. Grafting to the extent of one mark per hundred marks of each semester can be added to a maximum of two papers only.

The pattern of grade and CGPA & SGPA as followed in PG in Law & Dip. In Taxation Law

Note: Only those candidates who appear and pass the examination in all the papers of the First semester, all the papers of the Second semester, all the papers of the Third semester, and similarly all the papers of the Fourth semester, at first appearance are eligible to be placed in O grade.

Awards: No candidate who has not passed all the papers relating to any semester at the first appearance shall be eligible for the Award of Medals or Prizes by the University and to receive certificates of rank obtained by them in the examination.

Explanation:

Credits, Grade Letter Grade Points, Credit Points

Credit means the unit by which the course work is measured. One credit means one hour of teaching work or one hour of practical work per week.

Grade Letter is an index to indicate the performance of a student in a particular course (Paper).

It is the transformation of actual marks secured by a student in a course/paper. It is indicated by a

Grade letter O, A, B, C, D, E. There is a range of marks for each Grade Letter.

Grade Point is Weightage allotted to each grade letter depending on the marks awarded in a course/paper

CGPA: CGPA means Cumulative Grade Point Average. It will be calculated from 2nd semester onwards.

SGPA means Semester Grade Point Average. This is calculated for each semester of the programme

$CGPA \times 10$ will be the overall percentage of the marks obtained by the candidate

The performance of the candidate extinguishes in case of non completion of the course within 8 yrs. from the date of joining i.e. the 5 years student should complete his course within 8 yrs. from the date of joining (*Example: 2018-19 academic year admitted student has to complete his / her LL.B. 3 yrs. course by 2025-26 academic year*)

Course Pattern B.A.LL.B (Double Degree Integrated Course)**FIRST YEAR****FIRST SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	1.1 General English	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	1.2 Principles of Political Science	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	1.3 Micro Economics I	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	1.4 Principles of Sociology I	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	1.5 Legal Development	5	1	-	80	20	6
TOTAL								30

SECOND SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	2.1 Local Language / Foreign Language	5	1	-	20*	80	6
2	2	2.2 Political Theory	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	2.3 Macro Economics II	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	2.4 Theories of Sociology II	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	2.5 Constitutional Development	5	1	-	80	20	6
TOTAL								30

**Viva External examiner along with faculty.*

L = Lectures; T= Tutorials; P = Practical; E= Examination; I=Internal

Course Pattern B.A.LL.B (Double Degree Integrated Course)**SECOND YEAR****THIRD SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	3.1 Law and Literature	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	3.2 Foundations of Political Obligations	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	3.3 Indian Economy III	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	3.4 Urban, Rural & Tribal Sociology of India III	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	3.5 Constitutional Law I	5	1	-	80	20	6
TOTAL								30

FOURTH SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	4.1 Legal Language and Legal Writing	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	4.2 International relations and obligations	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	4.3 Economic Policies IV	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	4.4 Contemporary issues of Sociology IV	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	4.5 Constitutional Law II	5	1	-	80	20	6
TOTAL								30

L = Lectures; T= Tutorials; P = Practical; E= Examination; I=Internal

Course Pattern B.A.LL.B (Double Degree Integrated Course)**THIRD YEAR****FIFTH SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	5.1 Local Self Government	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	5.2 Jurisprudence	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	5.3 Family Law I (Family Relations)	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	5.4 Contract I	5	1		80	20	6
5	5	5.5 Banking Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
TOTAL								30

SIXTH SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	6.1 Principles of Public Administration	5		-	80	20	6
2	2	6.2 Torts, Motor Vehicles Act and Consumer Protection Act	5		-	80	20	6
3	3	6.3 Family Law II (Succession)	5		-	80	20	6
4	4	6.4 Contract II (Optional Legal)	5			80	20	6
5	5	6.5 Social Research Methods (Research methodology)	5			20	80	6
TOTAL								30

L = Lectures; T= Tutorials; P = Practical; E= Examination; I=Internal

Course Pattern B.A.LL.B (Double Degree Integrated Course)**FOURTH YEAR****SEVENTH SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	7.1 Law of Crimes	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	7.2 Property Law and Easement Act	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	7.3 Labour Law I	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	7.4 Administrative Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	7.5 Professional Ethics	5	1	6	50	50	6
TOTAL								30

EIGHTH SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	8.1 Criminal Procedure Code	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	8.2 Company Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	8.3 Labour Law II	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	8.4 Interpretation of Statutes (Optional Legal)	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	8.5 ADR (Clinical Legal Edn.)	5	1	6	50	50	6
TOTAL								30

L = Lectures; T= Tutorials; P = Practical; E= Examination; I=Internal

Course Pattern B.A.LL.B (Double Degree Integrated Course)

FIFTH YEAR

NINTH SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	9.1 Law of Evidence	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	9.2 Principles of Taxation	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	9.3 Environmental Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	9.4 Land Laws including Tenure and Tenancy Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	9.5 Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance	5	1	6	50	50	6
TOTAL								30

TENTH SEMESTER

Sl. No	Paper No	Subject	Hours per week			Max Marks		Credits
			L	T	P	E	I	
1	1	10.1 Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	5	1	-	80	20	6
2	2	10.2 Public International Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
3	3	10.3 Intellectual Property Law	5	1	-	80	20	6
4	4	10.4 Insurance Law (Optional Legal)	5	1	-	80	20	6
5	5	10.5 Moot Court (Clinical Legal Edn.)	5	1	6	50	50	6
TOTAL								30

L = Lectures; T= Tutorials; P = Practical; E= Examination; I=Internal

**Structure of Subject of 5 yrs. B. A. LL.B. under CBCS Pattern w.e.f. 2018-
'19**

	Semester-I	Credits	Semester-II	Credits
Minor Subjects	1.1 General English	6	2.1 Local Language / Foreign Language	6
Core Major subjects	1.2 Principles of Political Science	6	2.2 Political Theory	6
Minor Subjects	1.3 Micro Economics I	6	2.3 Macro Economics II	6
Minor Subjects	1.4 Principles of Sociology I	6	2.4 Theories of Sociology II	6
Minor Subjects	1.5 Legal Development	6	2.5 Constitutional Development	6

**Structure of Subject of 5 yrs. B. A. LL.B. under CBCS Pattern w.e.f. 2018-
'19**

Semester II

	Semester-II	Credits
Optional	2.1 Local Language / Foreign Language	6
Core Subject	2.2 Political Theory II	6
Minor Subject	2.3 Macro Economics II	6
Minor Subject	2.4 Theories of Sociology II	6
Minor Subject	2.5 Constitutional Development	6

B. A. LL.B. 5 yrs. Integrated CBCS Pattern w.e.f.2018-'19**Semester II****Local Language / Foreign Language- Paper I****2.1. Local Language Paper (Introduction of Law in Marathi)**

Classroom instruction of five select topics in each of the following subjects shall be given in Marathi)

1. Constitutional law of India-I
2. Constitutional law of India-II
3. Law of Crimes
4. Law of Contracts-I
5. Law of Contracts-II
6. Family Law-I
7. Law of Torts and Consumer Law
8. Environmental Law

Examination for 80 Marks shall be on the basis of written record on 16 topics (two topics from each subject). Each topic carries 5 marks. The record shall be evaluated by the teacher of the subject and external examiner nominated by the University for conducting Viva.

***Viva will be for 20 marks.**

Note: 1. The foreign language paper syllabus & 80/20 pattern of examination in the subject has to be set by the concern faculty of foreign language in **German / French / Russian / Japanese / Chinese etc.**

2. In case of students **other than Marathi Mother tongue** may choose foreign language / English as Medium for the concern topics.

Details of Topics Subject wise

Constitutional Law I	
संविधान निर्मितीचा इतिहास	History of Making of Indian Constitution.
राज्य संकल्पना	The State
मुलभूत अधिकार	Fundamental Rights
राज्य धोरणाची निती निर्देशक तत्वे	Directive Principles of State Policy
भारतीय न्यायालिका	Indian Judiciary
Constitutional Law II	
संसदिय शासन प्रणाली	Parliamentary form of Government
राज्य घटना संकल्पना	Concept of Federalism
आणिबाणी	Emergency
घटना दुरुस्ती	Constitutional Amendment
संविधानांतर्गत सेवा	Services under Constitution
Law of Crimes	
सर्वसामान्य अपवाद	General Exceptions
सार्वजनिक शांततेसंबंधीचे गुन्हे	Offence Relating to Public tranquillity
गुन्हायाला प्रोत्साहन	Abetment
संपत्ती बाबतचे गुन्हे	Offences against Property
मानवी शरिराच्या बाबतचे गुन्हे	Offences against Human Body

Contract - I

कराराची संकल्पना	Concept of Contract
करार करण्याची क्षमता	Capacity to Contract
मुक्त संमती	Free Consent
कराराची पूर्तता	Performance of Contract
करार भंग	Breach of Contract

Contract - II	
प्रतीपुर्ती व हमी यांची संकल्पना	Concept of Indemnity & Guarantee
स्वाधीन केलेला माल परत करणे व ताबगहाण यांची संकल्पना	Concept of Bailment & Pledge
अभिकर्त्याची संकल्पना	Concept of Agency
वस्तू विक्री संकल्पना	Concept of Sale of Goods
भागीदारी व हप्तेबंदीने खरेदी यांची संकल्पना	Concept of Partnership & Hire purchase

Family Law I	
कुटुंब संकल्पना	Concept of Family
विवाह संकल्पना	Institution of Marriage Concept
वैयक्तीक कायद्यांची संकल्पना व व्याप्ती	Concept and Scope of Personal Laws
समान नागरी कायदा आणि संकल्पना बहुमानव वंशीय देशातील त्याचे अस्तित्व	Concept of Uniform Civil Code and its existence in Multi ethnic countries
विवाह विषयक विधी योजित उपाय	Matrimonial Legal Remedies

Law of Torts	
अपकृत्यांच्या कायद्याची संकल्पना व मुल्यमापन	Concept and Evaluation of Law of Torts
अपकृत्यांच्या कायद्या अंतर्गत उत्तर दायित्वांची तत्वे	Principles of Liability in Torts
सार्वभौम सुरक्षिततेची तत्वे	Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity
ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा	Consumer Protection Law
मोटर वाहन कायदा, १९८८	Motor Vehicles Act, 1988

Environmental Law	
पर्यावरण आणि प्रदुषण संकल्पना	Concept of Environment & Pollution
प्रदुषणाचे प्रकार	Kinds of pollution
जैव विविधता	Biodiversity
कचरा व्यवस्थापन	Waste Management
शाश्वत विकास संकल्पना	Concept of Sustainable Development

POLITICAL THEORY II

I. The Sphere of State

- a. Idealism and Individualism, Marxism
- b. Democratic Socialism and Liberalism-concept of J. S. Mill
- c. Political Philosophy of Dr. B. R Ambedkar

II. Liberty, Equality and Fraternity

- a. Meaning, definitions and features of Liberty and Equality
- b. Kinds of equality and liberty
- c. The Relationship between liberty and equality
- d. Fraternity and Justice

III. The Theories of State with special reference to Social Contract

- a. Patriarchal Theory and Matriarchal Theory
- b. Social Contract Theory - Hobbes, John Locke and J.J. Rosseau

- c. Criticism of Social Contract Theory

IV. Utilitarianism and Pluralism

- a. Pluralism
- b. Utilitarianism - Meaning and its aims
- c. Principles of Utilitarianism and approach to political obligation
- d. Criticism of Utilitarianism

V. Gandhian Thought / Gandhism

- a. Civil disobedience - problems of civil disobedience
- b. Political Philosophy of Gandhi
- c. Neo - Gandhian Thought

Recommended Books:

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Ray and Bhattacharya | - | Political Theory, The World Press, Calcutta. |
| 2. Asirvatham, Eddy Publishing | - | Political Theory, Upper India House, Lucknow |
| 3. Wayper, C.L. | - | Political Thought, B.I. Publications, Bombay. |
| 4. Ganer, J.W. | - | Political Science and Government, The World Press, Calcutta |
| 5. Ball, Alan R. | - | Modern Politics and Government, Macmillan |
| 6. Murthy, B.S. | - | International Relations and Organization, Pre Law Education Series, EBC. |
| 7. Verson Van Dyke | - | International Politics |

MACRO ECONOMICS II

UNIT 1: What is Macroeconomics? Definitions of Macroeconomics, Origin and Growth of Macroeconomics, Distinction Between Microeconomics and Macroeconomics, Nature and Scope of Macroeconomics, Limitations of Macro Economics

UNIT 2: Measurement of National Income, Concepts related to National Income, Measuring Methods of National Income, Importance of National Income Data, Difficulties in Estimating the National Income, relationship between Economic Welfare and National Income.

UNIT 3: Classical Theory of Employment, JB Say's Law of Markets, Keynesian theory of Effective Demand, Consumption Function, Saving Function, Investment Function, The Principle of Accelerator and the concept of Multiplier

UNIT 4: Definition of Money, Kinds of Money, Functions of Money, Demand and Supply of Money, Inflation, Types of Inflation, Causes of Inflation, Phillips Curve, Impact of Inflation, Measuring of Inflation

UNIT 5: Business Cycles, Phases of Business Cycles, Theories of Business Cycles, the Role of Monetary and Fiscal Measures to control the Business Cycles

UNIT 6: Population and the related issues, Poverty, Unemployment, Types of Unemployment, Reasons for Unemployment and Measures to Solve it, Problems of Economic Growth and Economic Development, Closed economy and Open economy, Balance of Payments, Disequilibrium and Correcting Methods

References:

D.N. Dwivedi, Macroeconomics-Theory and Policy, McGraw Hill, New Delhi
Paul A. Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus, Macroeconomics, Adapted By Sudip Chaudhuri, 19th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi
G.S. Gupta, Macroeconomics, Theory and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi
M.L. Jhingan, Macroeconomic Theory, Vrinda Publications(P)Ltd

THEORIES OF SOCIOLOGY II

Unit 1: Social Thought Theories- Max Weber, Durkheim- Karl Marx

Unit 2: The Concept of State: Different theories. Social Contract theory, Separation of Powers theory, Historical theory.

Unit 3: Structural-Functionalism - Talcott parsons, Robert Merton,

Unit 4: Conflict theory – Ralf Dahrendorf, Lewis coser, Randal Collins

Unit 5: Social Change in Modern India and the concepts of Sanskritisation, Westernization, and Secularization.

Unit 6: Effects and consequences of Globalisation on Indian Society.

Unit 7: Theories of Social Change: Factors of Social Change, Results of Social Change, Technology as an agent of social change, literacy as a means to social change.

Unit 8: Social thinkers in India: Mahatma Gandhi,- Dr. B.R. Ambedkar and Amartya Sen. Fundamentalism-Secularism- Socialism - Feminism, Consumerism, Social Integration, Nationalism.

References:

Abraham, M Francis 1992 . Modern Sociological Theory – An Introduction. Bombay Oxford University Press.
Ritzer, George and Goodman D. 2004. Sociological Theory. New York, McGraw Hill

T.B. Bottomse: Sociology, A Guide to Problems and Literature, London, Allen and Erwin, 1982

Harvy Johnson: Sociology - Systematic Instruction Sharma : Sociology

Mao-Iwer and Page - Sociology

Kingslary Davis : Human Society

Peter Worsley et al, Introducing Sociology, Hamondaworth, Penguin Books 1970;

M. Haralambos: Sociology - Themes and Persectives, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1981

N.K. Bose: The Structure of Hindu Society, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1975

David G., Mandelrsum: Society in India, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1972

Romesh Thappar (ed): Tribe, Caste and Religion in India, New Delhi, Macmillan, 1977

Andre Betelle: Inequality and Social Change, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1972

Andre Betalle: The Backward Classes and New Social Order, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1981

A.R Desai, Rural Sociology

M.N. Srinivas, Caste in Modern India

Mac. Iver and Page, Sociology

Constitutional Development (1861 to 1950 Legal & Legislative Aspects)

Unit 1: Establishment of the High Courts.

- a. The Indian High Courts Act of 1861 and Act of 1911.
- b. The Government of India Act 1915: other High Courts
- c. The Government of India Act 1935: more high Courts created.
- d. High Courts established during 1947-1950; and post constitutional development.

Unit 2: Privy Council and Federal Court.

- a. Privy Council: Origin, jurisdiction.
- b. Appeals to the Privy Council from India.
- c. A unique Institution.
- d. The Federal Court of India: Foundation of the court, powers and functions of federal court; jurisdiction; Authority of Law; Abolition of the federal court and its assessment.

Unit 3: Development of Legislature authorities in India.

- a. Indian Council Act, 1861: provisions of the Act, 1861; Indian Council Act, 1892: portions of the Act, 1892.
- b. Indian Councils Act, 1909: The Minto – Morley Reforms and the Indian Council Act, 1919: Main provisions of the Act.
- c. Government of India Act, 1935: Main Provisions of the Act and Indian Independence Act, 1947.
- d. Constitutional Development between 1937 to 1947.

Unit 4: Influence of English Law in India.

- a. Growth of Criminal Law: Ancient Hindu Criminal Law; Early Muslim Criminal Law; Criminal Law in other parts of the country.
- b. Growth of personal law of Hindus and Muslims.

- c. Influence of English Law; Principles of Justice, Equality and Good Consciences; Influence of English notions on Hindu Law importance of English Law and codification.
- d. Modification of Criminal Law by English notions.

Unit 5: The Supreme Court of India

- a. Origin, Composition and Structure of the Supreme Court.
- b. Jurisdiction, powers and functions of the Supreme Court.
- c. Doctrine of precedents and the Supreme Court.
- d. Recent Changes.

Unit 6: Indian Constitution

- a. The framework of the Constitution - Constituent Assembly.
- b. Salient features of the Constitution.
- c. Judicial Review;
- d. Prerogative writs in India.

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